AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1 1. (currently amended) A method for acquiring seismic data while drilling a well,
- 2 comprising;
- 3 (a) conveying at least one seismic receiver installed in a drill string wherein
- 4 the receiver is controlled in part by an associated accelerometer that
- 5 generates signals to control seismic data;
- 6 (b) generating a coded seismic signal by using a seismic source at a
- surface location, the coded seismic signal including information about an
- 8 <u>activation time of the source;</u>
- 9 (c) detecting the coded seismic signals with at least one sensor in the at
- least one seismic receiver at at least one location in the wellbore; and
- 11 (d) computing an arrival time for the detected coded seismic signal in
- the seismic receiver using the activation time of the source.

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- 1 2. (Previously presented) The method of claim I wherein said computed arrival time
- is transferred to a surface processor.

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- 1 3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said computed arrival time is stored in
- 2 the seismic receiver.

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- 1 4. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein said coded seismic signals
- 2 <u>signal</u> further comprise timed discrete events.

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1	5.	(Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein said coded seismic signals		
2		signal further comprise timed discrete frequencies.		
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1	6.	(currently amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising using, for the at		
2		least one receiver, a plurality of seismic receivers located along the drill string.		
3				
1	7.	(currently amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising;		
2		i) detecting the coded seismic signals signal with at least one sensor located		
3		at the surface; and		
4		ii) storing the coded seismic signal detected by the at least one surface sensor		
5		in a surface processor.		
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ı	8.	(currently amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising transferring the		
2		computed arrival time stored in the seismic receiver to a surface processor upon		
3		removal of the drill string from the wellbore.		
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1	9.	(currently amended) The method of claim 7 further comprising processing,		
2		according to programmed instructions, coded seismic signals detected at the		
3		surface and the seismic receiver detected signals to generate a seismic map.		
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1	10.	(currently amended) A method for acquiring seismic data while drilling a well,			
2		comprising;			
3		(a)	conveying at least one seismic receiver installed in a drill string wherein		
4			the receiver is controlled in part by an associated accelerometer that		
5			generates signals to control seismic data acquisition;		
6		(b)	generating a coded seismic signals signal by using a seismic source near a		
7			surface location, the coded seismic signal including information about an		
8			activation time of the source;		
9		(c)	detecting the coded seismic signals signal with at least one sensor in the at		
10			least one seismic receiver at at least one location in the wellbore;		
11		(d)	computing, in the seismic receiver, a checkshot transit time for the		
12			detected coded seismic signals signal using the activation time of the		
13			source; and		
14		(e)	transferring said checkshot transit time to the surface.		
15					
1	11.	(currently amended) A method for acquiring seismic data while operating a drill			
2		string in wellbore, comprising;			
3		(a)	synchronizing, at the surface, a surface clock in a surface controller with a		
4			downhole clock in a seismic receiver;		
5		(b)	programming, at the surface, a processor in the seismic receiver to activate		
6			during at least one predetermined time window after a predetermined		
7			delay time,		
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. 0	(0)	conveying the seismic receiver in the drift string to a location of interest in
9		the wellbore;
10	(d)	generating, under control of a surface processor, a coded seismic signals
11		signal by using a seismic source near a surface location, the coded seismic
12		signal comprising an arbitrary pattern;
13	(e)	detecting the generated coded seismic source signals with a near-source
14		sensor and storing said signals in the surface processor;
15	(f)	detecting the coded seismic signals with at least one sensor in the seismic
16		receiver at a location of interest in the wellbore;
17	(g)	storing the detected coded seismic signals in the seismic receiver;
18	(h)	transferring the detected coded seismic signals from the seismic receiver
19		to the surface processor; and
20	(i)	processing the signals detected by the near-source sensor and the seismic
21		receiver according to programmed instructions to generate a seismic map.
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